IRRIGALTION DEPARTMENT

GOVERNMENT OF BALOCHISTAN

Pakistan: Balochistan Water Resources Development Sector Project



12TH SEMIANNUAL SOCIAL MONITORING REPORT (INTERNAL)

FOR THE PERIOD OF JAN. TO JUN. 2026

Revised submitted to ADB in October 2026

A Joint Venture of
National Engineering Services Pakistan (Pvt) Limited Lahore (Lead Partner)
Rehman Habib Consultants (Pvt) Limited (JV Partner)
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in association with
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ABBREVIATION

ACD	Agriculture and Cooperative Departments
ADB	Asian Development Bank
BWRDSP	Balochistan Water Resources Development Sector Project
CNIC	Computerized National Identity Card
DC	Deputy Commissioner
DP	Displaced Person
EA	Executing Agency
FIS	Flood Irrigation System
FO	Farmer Organized/Organization
GAP	Gender Action Plan
GRC	Grievances Redress Committee
GRM	Grievances Redress Mechanism
ICB	International Contract Bidding
IWRM	Integrated Water Resources Management (IWRM)
JFPR	Japan Fund for Poverty Reduction
LAR	Land Acquisition and Resettlement
LARF	Land Acquisition and Resettlement Framework
LARP	Land Acquisition and Resettlement Plan
MRB	Mula River Basin
ZRB	Zhob River Basin
NCB	National Contract Bidding
NTP	Notice To Proceed
NESPAK	National Engineering Services Pakistan
PD	Project Director
PDSC	Project Design and Supervision Consultants
PIC	Project Implementation Consultants
PIO	Project Implementation Office
DPD	Deputy Project Director
PIS	Perennial Irrigation System
PMO	Project Management Office
QPR	Quarterly Progress Report
ROW	Right of Way
SDDR	Social Due Diligence Report
SESU	Social and Environment Safeguard Unit
SSMR	Semi-annual Social Monitoring Report
SPS	Safeguards Policy Statement
TOR	Terms of Reference
VO	Variation Order

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

ES 1 PROJECT BACKGROUND

1. Water is a critical resource for sustainable economic development of Balochistan. The Government of Balochistan (GoB) formulated an Integrated Water Resources Management (IWRM) Policy to improve efficiency of surface and ground water and the Project supports in implementation of the Policy. The Policy provides a comprehensive framework for the province to address the issues of water management and development in the context of basin approach, with water harvesting, and groundwater recharging as an integral part of watershed management. Out of 11 Subprojects, 08 potential subprojects located in the Zhob and Mula river basins were selected for implementation financed by Asian Development Bank (ADB) based on selection ranking criteria such as water and land availability, economic viability, and a balanced approach to extending development support to different tribal groups. While three subprojects were under consideration to finalize one in MRB and 02 in ZRB namely " Farmers Managed Perennial Irrigation System (PIS) or Flood Irrigation System (FIS) subproject" and Sabakzai Irrigation scheme, Zhob is just started. The list of these 11 subprojects is being provided below:

Sr.	Name of Subproject	Project Category	Status
Zhob River Basin (ZRB)			
1	Siri Toi Dam	ICB	Under construction
2	Killi Sardar Akhter PIS	NCB	Completed
3	Farmers Managed PIS/FIS Scheme	NCB	Not yet considered
4	Ahmadzai PIS+FIS	NCB	Completed
5	Sabakzai Dam Command Area Rehabilitation Works	NCB	Social survey completed and SDDR submitted
Mula River Basin (MRB)			
1	Churri Infiltration Gallery	NCB	Dropped
2	Karkh Valley Dev. Scheme	NCB	Completed
3	Minyalo, Raiko & Rind PIS	NCB	Under construction
4	Kharzan Hatachi Infiltration Gallery	NCB	Completed
5	Pashta Khan & Grambowad PIS	NCB	Under construction
6	Farmers Managed PIS/FIS Scheme Improvement	NCB	Not yet considered

2. The proposed project will improve command and cultivated land of about 17,592 hectares (ha), and benefit to 42,900 farmers in the Balochistan province.

ES.1.1: PROJECT OBJECTIVE

3. The Balochistan Water Resources Development Sector Project (BWRDSP) is to increase agricultural production in the project area by: (1) improving and constructing irrigation infrastructures, (2) developing command area and establishing and/or rehabilitating watershed protection and (3) strengthening institutional capacity.

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ESS 2: MONITORING OBJECTIVES AND METHODOLOGY

ES.2.1: Objective of the Semi-Annual Monitoring Report

4. The project planning documents laid obligation of semi-annual social safeguard monitoring of the project to ascertain the implementation progress through review of progress documents and monitoring of safeguard implementation activities in project execution. It includes review and verification for effective implementation of social safeguard plans and assess whether envisaged objectives of enhancing, or at least restoring the livelihoods of all DPs is achieved in real terms. The SSMR Jan-Jun. 2026 includes the following.

   (i) Construction works of Siri Toi dam in un-settled area.
   (ii) Rehabilitation of subprojects in ZRB and MRB.
   (iii) Status of land compensation of Siri Toi dam subproject.
   (iv) GAP progress regarding construction social structures for access to women.
   (v) Complaint received and status.

ES.3: PROGRESS UP TO JUNE, 2026

5. The report covers the period of Jan-Jun. 2026. The progress of different subproject related to social safeguard component is provided in the **Table: 1**. This is worth to mention that slowness of physical progress is not attributable to any social issues including any complaint. The ICB 09 (Churri IR category C) has been dropped from the project due to law-and-order situation.

Table 1: Progress of Different Subprojects Related to the Social Safeguard Component

Sr. No.	Contract No.	Contract Description	Contractor	Overall Target	Achieved Physical Progress
1	ICB-01	Construction of Siri Toi Dam Subproject –ZRB	M/s Noor ul Haq & Brothers	100.0	53.67
2	NCB-01	Construction of Karkh Valley Development Subproject -MRB	M/s Zahir Khan & Brothers & Agha Construction Co. (JV)	100.00	100.00
3	NCB-02	Construction of Kharzan Hatachi Infiltration Gallery Subproject -MRB	M/s Agha Brothers Construction Co. & Sadaat Enterprises (JV)	100.00	100.00
4	NCB-04	Pashta Khan and Grambowad Perennial Irrigation Subproject - MRB	M/s Agha Brothers Construction Co & M/s Ramzan & Sons (Pvt.) Ltd. (JV)	100.00	49.56
5	NCB-06	Construction of Killi Sardar Akhtar Perennial Irrigation Subproject - ZRB	M/s Noor ul Haq & Brothers	100.00	100.00
6	NCB-07	Construction of Manyalo, Raiko and Rind Ali Perennial Irrigation Subproject - MRB	M/s Agha Brothers Construction Co & M/s Ramzan & Sons (Pvt.) Ltd. (JV)	100.00	33.23

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Sr. No.	Contract No.	Contract Description	Contractor	Overall Target	Achieved Physical Progress
7	NCB-08	Construction of Ahmedzai Perennial+Flood Irrigation Subproject - ZRB	M/s Noor ul Haq & Brothers	100.00	100.00
8	NCB-09	Construction of Churri Infiltration Gallery Subproject -MRB	M/s Haji Abdul Hameed Bangulzai	100.00	0.00
9	NCB-03	Sabakzai Irrigation Subproject, Zhob	Engg. Survey in progress. Contract not yet awarded	100	0



Construction on Pashta Khan Grambowad Subproject NCB-04, MRB



Construction on Manyalo-Raiko and Rindali Subproject, NCB-07, MRB





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Construction of Dyke of Siri Toi dam under ICB-01, ZRB	Construction of Intake tower of Siri Toi dam of ICB-01 Zhob

ES 3.1: SCOPE OF LAND ACQUISITION

6. For the construction of dam reservoir and its related structures, two main canals, 06 distributaries and 03 minors, 1093 acres including 81 acres settled land and 1012 acres unsettled land has been fully acquired and payment of land compensation Rs.28.17 million to 449 DPs as of 30 June 2026 as per approved LARP. The government owned Rights of Way (RoW) of the proposed channels varies significantly due to hilly, terrain, rocks and topographic variation. The land falls in Tehsil Sambaza, District Zhob, Balochistan. The summary of land under impact is being provided in the **Table: 2** below.

Table 2: Total Land under Project Impact

Sr.No.	Dam Components	Land under project impact (Acre)
1	Reservoir area, Spillway, Feeder Channel. Dyke, Slope, Intake, Approach Road.	727
2	Right Bank Irrigation.	136
3	Left Bank Irrigation.	230
Total		**1093**

ES.3.2: CURRENT STATUS OF DISBURSEMENT

7. There were 113 households (HH) comprising 450 DPs impacted by the project as established by the Revenue Department. The DPs provided their CNIC along with the undertaking to collect the cheque on behalf of the payees/entitled DP. After the completion of all the legal requirement and physical appearance in front of the Tehsildar Zhob, they received their land compensation cheque except one DP who died years ago. His son also died and his grandson could not receive the land compensation of a small piece of land due to mutation issue. He has filed an application to DC Zhob with the concern that in the revenue record, land of his father and grandfather has shown not as much as actual on ground. who has yet to collect his cheque. On 19, 20 Oct.2026, the social team again tried to contact him on his cell number (the only contact source) multiple times but could not get through due to the cell phone constantly turned off. PMO has also contacted him out of contact. He was previously requested to file a request with the court of law to secure inheritance mutation based on which compensation is to be paid but he did not file any applications despite follow-ups by PMO.

8. The Table below reflects that out of 450 DPs,449 DPs have collected with 99.8% disbursement. The land compensation status has already been reported in SSMRs 10th and same is being provided in the **Table 3** below.

Table 3: Current Status of Disbursement of Compensation

DPs			Land budget and compensation paid			Private land acquired (acres)	Private land fully acquired (acres)
(No.)	DPs received compensation (No.)	%age	land budget (Rs. million)	Paid in Rs. million)	%age of compensation paid		
450	449	(99.8 %)	28.23	28.17	99.8	81	80.75 (99.7%)

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ES.3.3: PREPARATION OF SOCIAL DUE DILIGENCE REPORTS (SDDRS)

9. This section deals with the preparation of Due Diligence reports. In Zhob area (ZRB) and Khuzdar area (MRB), 09 SDDRs of irrigation subprojects have been prepared up to May. 2024. All SDDRs are approved with in due course of time and disclosed on ADB website as mentioned in ES 1.2.

10. Similarly, 07 SDDRs under JFPR grant were prepared, submitted and got approved from the ADB up to December 2024.Most of these components have been completed and 100 % targets are achieved.

ES.3.4: IMPLEMENTATION OF GENDER ACTION PLAN (GAP)

11. The updated progress is being provided below while overall GAP Progress is provided in the ANNEXURE . The ADB targets have been achieved up to 2025. The same data was reported in SMR 10th Jan-June.2025.

Table 4: Training Provided on Different Topics

Training Topics	No. of Training imparted	No. of Male participates	No. of female participated
High-value Agriculture farming	15	391	0
Operation and maintenance of solar panels, Drip irrigation & efficient use of water	8	200	0
Kitchen Gardening	4	0	96
Pre-post harvesting management agribusiness	6	100	51
Cultivation of improved/hybrid vegetable seed	2	60	0
Livestock management and production	8	0	189
Training on health & hygiene, safe drinking water, water born disease, mother and child care and malnutrition	15	0	320
Total	**58**	**751**	**656**

Table 5: Status of Progress of Distribution of Livestock to the Women

River basin	Total target of women Beneficiaries (No.)	Total Nos. of women received ruminant up to Dec. 23 (Nos.)	No. of Livestock Unit	Progress (%age)
MRB	69	69	276	100
ZRB	69	69	690	100
Total	**138**	**138**	**966**	**100**

***In Zhob, 10 sheep per woman and in Khuzdar 04 goats per woman**

Table 6: Provision of Social Structures/Facilities (Nos.) up to December 31, 2025

Subproject		Access to water / washing points		Cattle ghat		Wazu point	
		Planned	Achieved	Planned	Achieved	Planned	Achieved
ZRB	Siri Toi Dam	10	-	7	-	2	-
	Ahmadzai	1	1	1	1	1	1

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Subproject		Access to water / washing points		Cattle ghat		Wazu point	
		Planned	Achieved	Planned	Achieved	Planned	Achieved
	Killi Sardar Akhter	1	1	1	1	2	2
MRB	Karkh Valley	4	4	19	-	2	2
	Kharzan Hatachi	17	16	-	-	1	1
	Manyalo Raiko, Rind Ali Subproject	7	-	0	-	0	-
	Pashta Khan Subproject	8	-	0	-	2	-
	Churri Infiltration Gallery	10	-	5	-	5	-
Total		**58**	**22**	**33**	**2**	**15**	**6**

ES.4: INSTITUTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS

ES.4.1: BALOCHISTAN IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT (BID)

12. A project management / project implementation unit (PMO/PIO) have been established in BID to oversee general project execution. Within the PIO, Social and Environment Safeguards Unit (SESU) have been created to manage all LAR related activities involved under the implementation of the subproject. In addition, BID and PMO will be supported through Project Design and Supervision Consultants (PDSC) for the project during LARP preparation, implementation and monitoring. The Project Implementation Consultants (PIC) are also available to discharge their duties and support to PMO/PIO. The following agencies/departments are involved:

- The Baluchistan Irrigation Department/Execution Agency
- Social and Environmental Safeguards Unit (SESU)
- Internal Monitoring
- External Monitoring
- Local/ District Government
- The Asian Development Bank
- LAR Coordination Committee

ES.5: GRIEVANCE REDRESS MECHANISM (GRM)

ES.5.1: Notification of GRIEVANCE REDRESS MECHANISM (GRM)

13. The Balochistan Water Resources Development Project (BWRDP) aims to support the Government in water sector planning, management and investment on water sector infrastructure in selected river basins. It will assist the government for investment to improve water storage and supply infrastructure at the Zhob and Mula River basins and improve agricultural farm productivity.

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14. Under Notification from the office of Project Director, letter No. PD/BWRDSP/2020/1015-1027, dated 30th of December 2020 Quetta, Balochistan. The objectives, principals and formation of GRC and its members were well defined for effective functional.

15. GRCs have been formed of all subprojects except Churi subproject. The Churri Infiltration Gallery has been dropped from the project without construction due to serious and persistent law and order situation. Therefore, no GRC for Churri is required.

ES.5.2: STRUCTURE & PROCEDURE OF GRIEVANCE REDRESS MECHANISM

i. 1st tier Grievances Redressal Committee (GRC) at Village Level.
ii. 2nd tier District/ Project Management Office (PMO) Level.
iii. 3rd tier BID/ Project Level.

ES.5.3: COMPLAINTS RECEIVED

16. During the reporting period, a complaint was received from an influential of Churri irrigation subproject, NCB-09, MRB Khuzdar. The 2nd complaint is the repetition of the complainant Mr. Abuzar Ahmad khel of Zhob who is not DP of the project and 3rd complaint was received from Youth Action Committee Killi Hazrat Saheb. The present status of these complaints is provided below. The detail is provided in section 5.4 and Table 5-1 of the report.

17. During the period, the following complaints were received. The present status of these complaints is provided below:

Sr. No.	Complaint	Source of complaint	Status of resolution
1	Churri Complaint. Sardar Inayatullah Zerhri, Khuzdar	ADB/CRP	Case declared ineligible by CRP. The project dropped from the scope. More details in table 5-1
2	A complainant Abuzar, Zhob	ADB	Addressed. Details in para 5-1
3	Complaint by Youth Action Committee, Killi Hazrat Saheb.	ADB	Addressed. Detials in tbale 5-1

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1. ROJECT DESCRIPTION

18. Water is a critical resource for sustainable economic development of Balochistan. The Government of Balochistan (GoB) formulated Integrated Water Resources Management (IWRM) Policy to improve efficiency of surface and ground water and the Project supports in implementation of the Policy. The Policy provides a comprehensive framework for the province to address the issues of water management and development in the context of basin approach, with water harvesting, and groundwater recharging as an integral part of watershed management. Out of 11 Subprojects, 08 potential subprojects located in the Zhob and Mula river basins were selected for implementation financed by Asian Development Bank (ADB) based on selection ranking criteria such as water and land availability, economic viability, and a balanced approach to extending development support to different tribal groups. While three subprojects were under consideration to finalize, one in MRB and 02 in ZRB namely " Farmers Managed Perennial Irrigation System (PIS) or Flood Irrigation System (FIS) subproject" and third Sabakzai Irrigation scheme, Zhob is just started. The list of these 11 subprojects is being provided below:

Sr.	Name of Subproject	Project Category	Status
Zhob River Basin (ZRB)			
1	Siri Toi Dam	ICB	Under construction
2	Killi Sardar Akhter PIS	NCB	Completed
3	Farmers Managed PIS/FIS Scheme	NCB	Not yet considered
4	Ahmadzai PIS+FIS	NCB	Completed
5	Sabakzai Dam Command Area Rehabilitation Works	NCB	Social survey completed and SDDR submitted
Mula River Basin (MRB)			
1	Churri Infiltration Gallery	NCB	Dropped
2	Karkh Valley Dev. Scheme	NCB	Completed
3	Minyalo, Raiko & Rind PIS	NCB	Under construction
4	Kharzan Hatachi Infiltration Gallery	NCB	Completed
5	Pashta Khan & Grambowad PIS	NCB	Under construction
6	Farmers Managed PIS/FIS Scheme Improvement	NCB	Not yet considered

PROJECT OBJECTIVE

19. The project of Balochistan Water Resources Development Sector Project (BWRDSP) is to increase agricultural production in the project area by: (1) improving and constructing irrigation infrastructure, (2) developing command area and establishing and/or rehabilitating watershed protection and (3) strengthening institutional capacity.

1.1 PROJECT SCOPE

20. The project consists of 09 subprojects; 4 in Zhob river basin and 5 in Mula river basin. The subprojects aim to improve irrigation system and construction of Siri Toi Dam in Zhob basin. The list of 09 subprojects with impact is provided below in **Table *1-1***.

Table 1-1: Subprojects Under Implementation

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River Basin	Sr. No.	Name of Subproject	Type of Impact	Type of Document
Zhob River Basin (ZRB), Zhob district.	1	i-Siri Toi Dam, settled land area	LAR impact	LARP
		ii-Siri Toi dam, unsettled land/area	No LAR impact	SDDR
	2	Killi Sardar Akhter PIS	No LAR impact	SDDR
	3	Ahmadzai PIS+FIS	No LAR impact	SDDR
	4	Sabakzai Dam subproject		SDDR
Mula River Basin (MRB), Khuzdar district.	1	Churri Infiltration Gallery	No LAR impact	SDDR
	2	Karkh Valley Dev. Scheme	No LAR impact	SDDR
	3	Manyalo, Raiko & Rind PIS	No LAR impact	SDDR
	4	Kharzan-Hatachi Infiltration Gallery	No LAR impact	SDDR
	5	Pashta Khan & Grambowad PIS	No LAR impact	SDDR

21. The subprojects of Zhob basin are: Ahmadzai PIS+FIS; Killi Sardar Akhter PIS; Sabakzai Command Area Development; Farmers managed PIS/FIS Scheme Improvement and Siri Toi Dam. The Zhob river basin projects will bring 4207 ha new area under irrigation from Siri Toi Dam and will improve irrigation system for 4091 ha area (10000 acres). Ground water recharge of 4091 ha and Khushkaba farming of 561 ha will be additional benefits of Zhob basin subprojects implementation. The subprojects of Mula basin relate to improvement in irrigation system which are: Churri Infiltration Gallery; Kharzan-Hatachi Infiltration Gallery; Pashta Khan & Grambowad PIS; Karkh Valley Development; Manyalo, Raiko & Rind Ali PIS; and Farmers Managed PIS/FIS Scheme Improvement. The project will bring 1782 ha new area under irrigation and will improve irrigation system for 5673 ha area of Mula river basin. It will further improve 1278 ha under Khushkaba farming and will recharge ground water of 321 ha.

1.2 PROJECT OUTPUTS

1.2.1 Output-1

22. Irrigation infrastructure and watershed protection constructed and/or rehabilitated. The output will construct, upgrade, or rehabilitate (i) Siri Toi Dam with storage of 30 Million Cubic Meter (MCM), including a spillway and a water intake; (ii) weirs and infiltration galleries; (iii) about 276 kilometres of irrigation network, including head works, offtakes, sluice gates, other associated structures, and livestock drinking facilities; (iv) infrastructure to reduce flood risks to irrigation canals and the command area; and (v) facilities to increase women's access to water for domestic use, such as washing pads and water collection points. It will also support watershed protection for about 4,145 ha, including through (i) the rehabilitation of trees and grasses in forests; and (ii) land and water conservation activities, such as check dams, water harvesting structures, and small storage ponds for plantation and/or groundwater recharge. The updated progress of output-1 is as below **Table *1-2*.**

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Table 1-2: The Updated Progress of Output-1

Sr.No.	Name of Subproject	Type of Subproject	Progress
Zhob River Basin (ZRB)			
1	Siri Toi Dam, settled land	Construction of new irrigation system	Not yet.
	Siri Toi dam, unsettled land/area		Construction in progress
2	Killi Sardar Akhter PIS	Rehabilitation of Existing irrigation system	Construction completed
3	Ahmadzai PIS+FIS	Rehabilitation of Existing irrigation system	Construction completed
4	Sabakzai Dam Command Area Rehabilitation Works	Rehabilitation of Existing irrigation system	Contract in process
Mula River Basin (MRB)			
1	Churri Infiltration Gallery	Rehabilitation of Existing irrigation system	Contractor mobilized
2	Karkh Valley Dev. Scheme	Rehabilitation of Existing irrigation system	Construction completed
3	Manyalo, Raiko & Rind PIS	Rehabilitation of Existing irrigation system	Construction in progress
4	Kharzan-Hatachi Infiltration Gallery	Rehabilitation of Existing irrigation system	Construction completed
5	Pashta Khan & Grambowad PIS	Rehabilitation of Existing irrigation system	Construction in progress

1.2.2 Output-2

23. Command area established and/or improved. This output will support the development of about 16,592 ha of command area, including 1,839 ha for khushkaba (rainwater harvesting) farming. It will involve the (i) construction and rehabilitation of secondary and tertiary canals; (ii) construction of lined watercourses; (iii) improvement of on-farm water management and agronomic techniques, such as land levelling and irrigation scheduling; (iv) construction of a kacha (desert) track and access roads; (v) construction of rainwater harvesting and storage facilities; (vi) provision of farm machinery; and (vii) provision of training on sustainable farming.

24. The output will support: the pilot testing of about 130 ha of high-value agriculture in the project area; through installation of about 127 cost-effective solar-powered drip irrigation systems; the construction of two olive oil extraction plants; two processing plants for fruits and vegetables; and provision of livestock (goat/sheep) to 138 women for income-generating for their livelihood. It will strengthen high-value farming technology and increase agricultural production by demonstrating technology on at least 130 ha in 160 high-value fruit and vegetable farms and by developing guidelines on the efficient use of water and agriculture inputs. It will also (i) develop community capacity for high-value agriculture, (ii) create awareness programs on safe drinking water practices and food nutrition for women and girls, and (iii) provide to 656 women and girls with training in kitchen gardening and other skills.

1.2.3 Output-3

25. Institutional capacity strengthened. This output will support the (i) provision of consulting services for detailed engineering design, construction supervision, and implementation support; (ii) provision of training for the executing and implementing agencies on project

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management, financial management, procurement, disbursement, gender, and social and environmental safeguards; (iii) procurement of hydro-meteorological equipment to strengthen information collection and water use monitoring; and (iv) development of infrastructure for improved project management and training.

26. For Output-3, the required procurement of social staff was completed in 2021 at PMO level to coordinate and oversea the project activities.

1.3 REPORTING PERIOD

27. This 12th Semi-annual Social Safeguard Internal Monitoring report is for the period of Jan- to Jun. 2026.

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2. MONITORING OBJECTIVES AND METHODOLOGY

2.1 OBJECTIVE OF THE SEMI-ANNUAL MONITORING REPORT

28. The project planning documents laid obligation of semi-annual social safeguard monitoring of the project to ascertain the implementation progress through review of progress documents and monitoring of safeguard implementation activities in project execution. It includes review and verification for effective implementation of social safeguard plans and assess whether envisaged objectives of enhancing, or at least restoring the livelihoods of all DPs is achieved in real terms. Due to changes in the design, VOs have been incorporated and revised SDDRs/documents were prepared and submitted. Following Monitoring Indicators are being used of the project.

2.2 MONITORING INDICATORS

29. During the reporting period, specific monitoring indicators were followed.

Table 2-1: Specific Monitoring Indicators Followed During the Reporting Period

Monitoring aspects	Indicators for monitoring/reporting	Progress
Delivery of Entitlements	• Entitlements disbursed, compared with number and category of losses set out in the entitlement matrix.	• For Siri Toi dam subproject, out of 450 DPs, land compensation has been paid to 449 DPs (99.8 %). Remaining o1 DP, Mr. Khalid grandson of Naseeb khan DP (late) filed a case with the concern that land of his ancestors. is less shown in the revenue record. He was contacted on 28-12-2025 by the project social mobilizer. He told that the case is in the commissioner's office and I am waiting for the decision.
	• Disbursements against timelines.	• Timeline was tentative plan, now things are moving practically in the field.
	• Identification of the displaced persons losing land temporarily, e.g. through soil disposal, borrow pits, contractors' camps, been included.	• No such DP is found. Not applicable for all other rehabilitation Subprojects.
	• Timely disbursements of the agreed transport costs, relocation costs, income substitution support, and any	• No relocation is required. No shifting allowances are admissible.

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Monitoring aspects	Indicators for monitoring/reporting	Progress
	resettlement allowances, according to schedule.	
	• Provision of replacement land plots.	• No provision of land for land.
	• Quality of new plots and issue of land titles.	• Not applicable
	• Restoration of social infrastructure and services.	• No social infrastructure impacted.
	• Progress on income and livelihood restoration activities being implemented as set out in the income restoration plan, for example, utilizing replacement land.	• No income and livelihood is impacted. Barren and unproductive land is under impact.
	• Commencement of production, the number of the displaced persons trained in employment with jobs, microcredit disbursed; number of income-generating activities assisted.	• Not Applicable
	• Affected businesses receiving entitlements, including transfer and payments for net losses resulting from lost business.	• Not Applicable
Consultation and Grievances	• Consultations organized as scheduled including meetings, groups, and community activities.	• During the reporting period, consultations were arranged with the community regarding project objectives, community participation.
	• Knowledge of entitlements by the displaced persons.	• DPs were fully updated.
	• Use of the grievance redress mechanism by the displaced persons.	• Except Siri Toi dam, no LAR impact was recorded. On Siri Toi dam, only barren and unproductive land was under impact. Since 2020, a series of meetings held which were reported in QPRs and SSMRs.
	• Information on the resolution of the grievances.	• Explained whole procedure to the GRC members and the participants.
	• Information on the implementation of the social preparation phase.	• Social infrastructures inclusion in design were followed.
	• Implementation of special measures for Indigenous Peoples.	• No Indigenous Peoples are reported in the project area.
Communications and Participation	• Number of general meetings (for both men and women).	• 01 meeting in PMO with the complainant of Churri project.

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Monitoring aspects	Indicators for monitoring/reporting	Progress
	• Percentage of women out of total participants. • Information on the Vulnerable	• All were women's meetings for GAP. • There were 09 DPs of Siri Toi dam subproject, who received vulnerable allowance.
	• Number of meetings exclusively with women. • Number of meetings exclusively with vulnerable groups. • Number of meetings at new sites. • Number of meetings between hosts and the displaced persons. • Level of participation in meetings (of women, men, and vulnerable groups). • Level of information communicated—adequate or inadequate. • Information disclosure. • Translation of information disclosure in the local languages	• Not applicable. • Not applicable • Not applicable • Not applicable • Not applicable • Not applicable • Yes • Yes
Budget and Time Frame	• Land acquisition and resettlement staff appointed and mobilized on schedule for the field and office work. • Capacity building and training activities completed on schedule. • Achieving resettlement implementation activities against the agreed implementation plan. • Funds allocation for resettlement-to-resettlement agencies on time. • Receipt of scheduled funds by resettlement offices. • Funds disbursement according to the resettlement plan. • Social preparation phase as per schedule. • Land acquisition and occupation in time for implementation.	• Yes • Yes, provided at PMO • Yes, well in time in Oct.2022 • Yes, deposited in 2021 by the PMO • Yes. PMO • Yes, after section 11, land compensation was started. • Not yet, as works will start on canal and distys. • Works in progress on unsettled land. Enough space for the Contractor.
Livelihood and Income Restoration	• Number of displaced persons under the rehabilitation programs (women, men, and vulnerable groups). • Number of displaced persons who received vocational training (women, men, and vulnerable groups). • Types of training and number of participants in each.	• Not applicable on Rehab. Projects. No DPs under project impact. • Training to women and men under JFPR were arranged. • Not Applicable

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Monitoring aspects	Indicators for monitoring/reporting	Progress
	• Number and percentage of displaced persons covered under livelihood programs (women, men, and vulnerable groups).	• Not Applicable
	• Number of displaced persons who have restored their income and livelihood patterns (women, men, and vulnerable groups).	• Only few vulnerable DPs.
	• Number of new employment activities.	• There are chances.
	• Extent of participation in rehabilitation programs.	• Not Applicable
	• Extent of participation in vocational training programs.	• 100 % successful under JFPR grant components under Table 4-2.
	• Degree of satisfaction with support received for livelihood programs.	• Not Applicable
	• Percentage of successful enterprises breaking even (women, men, and vulnerable groups).	• Not Applicable
	• Percentage of displaced persons who improved their income (women, men, and vulnerable groups).	• Not Applicable
	• Percentage of displaced persons who improved their standard of living (women, men, and vulnerable groups).	• Not Applicable
	• Number of displaced persons with replacement agriculture land (women, men, and vulnerable groups).	• Not Applicable
	• Quantity of land owned/contracted by displaced persons (women, men and vulnerable groups).	• Not Applicable
	• Number. of households with agricultural equipment.	• Not Applicable
	• Number of households with livestock.	• Not Applicable
Benefit Monitoring	• Noticeable changes in patterns of occupation, production, and resource use compared to the pre-project situation.	• The findings will indicate after impact study.
	• Noticeable changes in income and expenditure patterns compared to the pre-project situation.	• Same as above
	• Changes in cost of living compared to the pre-project situation.	• Not Applicable
	• Changes in key social and cultural parameters relating to living standards.	• Not Applicable.
	• Changes occurred for vulnerable groups.	• Not Applicable
	• Benefiting from the project by the displaced persons.	• Not Applicable

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2.3 MONITORING METHODOLOGY

30. This Semi-annual social monitoring report is based on review of, i) Detail Design of the subprojects, ii) Safeguard reports (LARP/ SDDRs), iii) record on consultations with DPs including GAP and other community consultations; iv) updates on grievance redress mechanism including complaints recording and v) census of DPs and socio-economic profile of the area. The details of final design of Subprojects presented in the **Table 2-2** below.

Table 2-2: Details of Final Design Projects

Sr. No.	Name of Subproject	NCB/ICB	Status
1	Construction of Ahmadzai Perennial+ Flood Irrigation Subproject	NCB-08	Project completed
2	Construction of Killi Sardar Akhtar Irrigation Subproject	NCB-06	Project completed
3	Construction of Siri Toi Dam Subproject on unsettled land	ICB-01	Construction in progress
4	Construction of Karkh Valley Development Subproject	NCB-01	Construction completed
5	Construction of Kharzan Hatachi Infiltration Gallery Subproject	NCB-02	Construction completed
6	Construction of Pashta Khan and Garambowad Perennial Irrigation Subproject	NCB-04	Construction in progress
7	Construction of Manyalo, Raiko and Rind Ali Perennial Irrigation Subproject	NCB-07	Construction in progress
8	Churri Infiltration Gallery Subproject	NCB-09	dropped
9	Sabakzai Irrigation subproject	NCB-03	SDDR submitted

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3. PROGRESS DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD

31. Most of the documents regarding SDDRs and revised SDDRs had been submitted and got approved up to June 2024. During the period, following progress was observed.

    i. Construction works of Siri Toi dam in un-settled area.
    ii. Rehabilitation of subprojects in ZRB and MRB.
    iii. Status of land compensation of Siri Toi dam subproject.
    iv. GAP progress regarding construction social structures for access to women.
    v. Complaint received and meeting conducted.
    vi. Updated GAP report as Annexure-1. (reports on progress from 2021 to Feb 2025 have been submitted to ADB through SSMRs).

3.1 PREPARED SDDRs UNDER JAPAN FUND FOR POVERTY REDUCTION (JFPR)

32. In both river basins of MRB and ZRB, prepared 07 SDDRs, submitted and got approved from the ADB up to December 2024.Most of these components are being implemented even have been completed mentioned below.

    i) Installation of 127 Solar Powered Drip Irrigation System in MRB & ZRB Area.
    ii) Provision of livestock to poor and deserving 138 women of MRB and ZRB area.
    iii) Provision of Oil Extraction Plants in MRB and ZRB.
    iv) Provision of Fruit/Vege. Processing plant and Solar Dryer Tunnel at household level to the Women.
    v) GAP targets by the ADB mentioned above including women and men training in different field and skill.
    vi) Women membership in Grievance Redress Committees (GRCs) of each subproject.
    vii) Provision of social structures for easy access to water for the women.

3.2 LAND ACQUISITION, LAND COMPENSATION STATUS OF SIRI TOI DAM

33. The Internal Semi-annual Social Monitoring Report (SSMR) of the unsettled land under the Siri Toi Dam Subproject has been conducted during 1st and 2nd quarter of 2026. The award of affected land was issued in November 2023 under Section 11 of the Land Acquisition Act 1894. Construction activities on unsettled land (Govt.) have been started in December 2022 on different components including main body of dam, right bank canal and left bank canal. Photographs of site are provided in the **Error! Reference source not found.** below.

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Figure 3-1: Construction Progress at Pashta Khan Subproject-MRB & Siri Toi Dam Subproject-ZRB



Construction of Siri Toi dam subproject-ZRB



Construction of Pashta khan subproject-MRB

3.2.1 Scope of Land Acquisition

34. For the construction of dam reservoir and its related structures, two main canals, 06 distributaries and 03 minors, 1093 acres including 81 acres settled land and 1012 acres unsettled land has been fully acquired and payment of land compensation of Rs.28.17 million to 449 DPs as of 30 June 2026 as per approved LARP. The government owned Rights of Way (ROW) of the proposed channels varies significantly due to hilly, terrain, rocks and topographic variation. The land falls in Tehsil Sambaza, District Zhob, Balochistan. The summary of land to be acquired is being provided below in **Table 3-1**.

Table 3-1: Component wise Land to be Acquired

Sr.No.	Dam Components	Land under impact (acre)
1	Reservoir area, Spillway, Feeder Channel. Dyke, Slope, Intake, Approach Road.	727
2	Right Bank Irrigation.	136
3	Left Bank Irrigation.	230
Total		**1093**

3.2.2 Current Status of Disbursement of Land Compensation

35. Overall, there are 113 households (HH) comprising 450 DPs impacted by the project as documented by the Revenue Department. After land award, the DPs provided their CNIC along with the undertaking to collect the cheque on behalf of the payees/entitled DP. After the completion of all the legal requirement and physical appearance in front of the Tehsildar Zhob, they received their land compensation cheques except one DP who died years ago and his grandson could not receive land compensation due to mutation issue. The Table below reflects that out of 450 DPs,449 have received their land compensation upto Feb. 2025. The updated disbursement of land compensation is summarized in the

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Table 3-2 below while details have already been submitted in 9th SSMR (Jul-Dec 2024) and 10th SSMR (Jan-Jun. 2025).

Table 3-2: Current Status of Disbursement of Compensation

DPs			Land budget and compensation paid			land to be acquired (acres)	land compensation paid (acres)
(No.)	DPs received compensation (No.)	%age	land budget (Rs. million)	Paid in Rs. million	%age of compensation paid		
450	449	(99.8 %)	28.23	28.17	99.8	81	99.7%)

3.2.3 DP Not Receiving Land Compensation

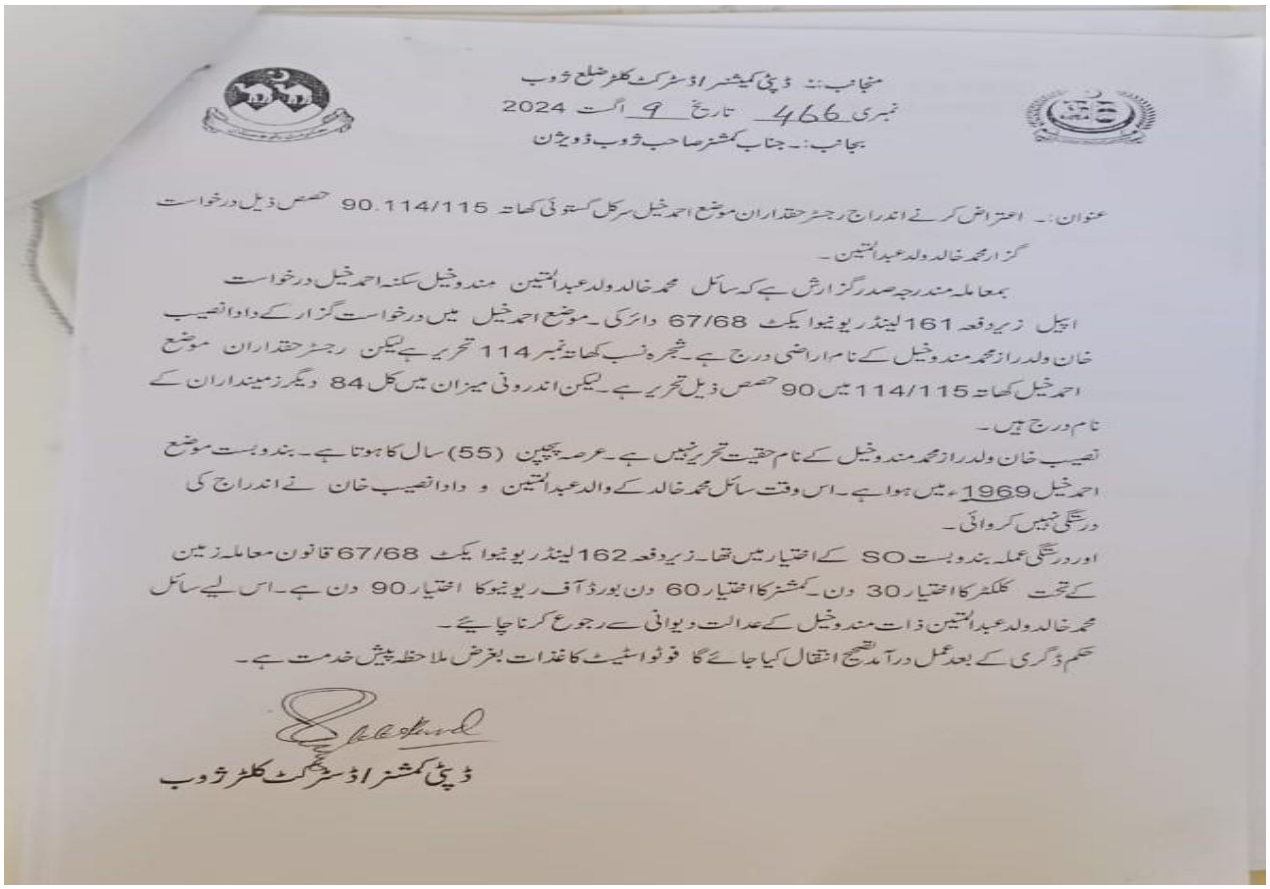
36. There is one remaining DP who died years ago. His son was also died and his grandson could not receive the land compensation of a small piece of land due to mutation issue. He has filed an application to DC Zhob with the concern that in the revenue record, land of his father and grandfather has shown less as actual on ground. The land of about 1.7 kanal with the land compensation of Rs.63750. His case is time bared in the revenue department including BOR forum. He was advised by the DC office Zhob in writing to file his case in the court. But he has filed his petition to the Commissioner to review the case. The DC letter was also provided in the 9th SSMR (Jul-Dec 2024) and 10th SSMR (Jan-Jun. 2025).

37. There were 113 households (HH) comprising 450 DPs impacted by the project as established by the Revenue Department. The DPs provided their CNIC along with the undertaking to collect the cheque on behalf of the payees/entitled DP. After the completion of all the legal requirement and physical appearance in front of the Tehsildar Zhob, they received their land compensation cheque except one DP who died years ago. His son also died and his grandson could not receive the land compensation of a small piece of land due to mutation issue. He has filed an application to DC Zhob with the concern that in the revenue record, land of his father and grandfather has shown not as much as actual on ground. who has yet to collect his cheque. On 19, 20 Oct.2026, the social team again tried to contact him on his cell number (the only contact source) multiple times but could not get through due to the cell phone constantly turned off. PMO has also contacted him out of contact. He was previously requested to file a request with the court of law to secure inheritance mutation based on which compensation is to be paid but he did not file any applications despite follow-ups by PMO.

38. On 21-10-2026, the social team contacted with revenue department Zhob to ascertain the current status of Mr. Khalid s/o Abdul Mateen s/o Naseeb Khan DP of Siri Toi dam subproject Zhob. The Revenue office informed on 21-10-2026 that 55 years old case is time-barred and beyond the powers of Deputy Commissioner and Commissioner under Land Revenue Act. Petitioner is advised to approach Civil Court (Deewani Adalat) for declaration. A copy of the letter is provided below. It has come to notice that till date 21-10-2026 (14 months) he has not filed any case in Civil Court, and no further process has been made by him.

    A copy of decision of the Deputy Commissioner Zhob is provided below.

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منجانب:۔ ڈپٹی کمشنر اڈسٹرکٹ کلکٹر ضلع ژوب
نمبری 466 تاریخ 9 اگست 2024
بجانب:۔ جناب کمشنر صاحب ژوب ڈویژن

عنوان:۔ اعتراض کرنے اندراج رجسٹر حقداران موضع احمد خیل سرکل کستوئی کھاتہ 90.114/115 حصص ذیل درخواست گزار محمد خالد ولد عبدالمتین۔

بمعاملہ مندرجہ صدر گزارش ہے کہ سائل محمد خالد ولد عبدالمتین مندوخیل سکنہ احمد خیل درخواست اپیل زیر دفعہ 161 لینڈ ریونیو ایکٹ 67/68 دائر کی۔ موضع احمد خیل میں درخواست گزار کے دادا نصیب خان ولد راز محمد مندوخیل کے نام اراضی درج ہے۔ شجرہ نسب کھاتہ نمبر 114 تحریر ہے لیکن رجسٹر حقداران موضع احمد خیل کھاتہ 114/115 میں 90 حصص ذیل تحریر ہے۔ لیکن اندرونی میزان میں کل 84 دیگر زمینداران کے نام درج ہیں۔

نصیب خان ولد راز محمد مندوخیل کے نام حقیت تحریر نہیں ہے۔ عرصہ پچپن (55) سال کا ہوتا ہے۔ بندوبست موضع احمد خیل 1969ء میں ہوا ہے۔ اس وقت سائل محمد خالد کے والد عبدالمتین و دادا نصیب خان نے اندراج کی درستگی نہیں کروائی۔

اور درستگی عملہ بندوبست SO کے اختیار میں تھا۔ زیر دفعہ 162 لینڈ ریونیو ایکٹ 67/68 قانون معاملہ زمین کے تحت کلکٹر کا اختیار 30 دن۔ کمشنر کا اختیار 60 دن بورڈ آف ریونیو کا اختیار 90 دن ہے۔ اس لیے سائل محمد خالد ولد عبدالمتین ذات مندوخیل کے عدالت دیوانی سے رجوع کرنا چاہیے۔

حکم ڈگری کے بعد عمل درآمد تصحیح انتقال کیا جائے گا فوٹو اسٹیٹ کاغذات بغرض ملاحظہ پیش خدمت ہے۔

ڈپٹی کمشنر اڈسٹرکٹ کلکٹر ژوب

WAY FORWARD

39. , it is suggested that his case may be treated as per ADB policy for documentation of Unpaid DP. The sample forms of unpaid DP is provided in the **Annexure II.**

3.2.4 Vulnerable DPs and Payment of Vulnerable Allowance

40. There were 09 DPs identified and listed as vulnerable who were entitled to receive allowance as financial assistance for their livelihood. Vulnerable assistance from all the vulnerable DPs have received which were reported in 9th SSMR, Jul-Dec 2024.

3.2.5 Meetings with the Communities

41. The most of the progress have been achieved. During the implementation period from 2019 to July.2025, the social teams of Khuzdar and Zhob area constantly remained in touch with the communities to record their issue to address quickly. After the period, the security issues aroused and security forces started operation at large scale in the region including project area that restricted the field activities. The updated progress of output-2 is provided in the following **Table 3-3**.

Table 3-3: Progress on Provision of Solar Powered Tube wells

River Basin	Total target of farmers (No.)	Solar system installed by the Nos. of farmers Up to June. 2024
MRB	63	63 (100%)

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River Basin	Total target of farmers (No.)	Solar system installed by the Nos. of farmers Up to June. 2024
ZRB	64	64 (100%)
Total	**127**	(100%)

Figure 3-2: Pictorial Insight of Solar System



3.3 IMPLEMENTATION OF GENDER ACTION PLAN (GAP)

3.3.1 Provision of Livestock

42. Provided (69 women in each of the river basins) with 04 goats in MRB and10 sheep each in ZRB area to generate income for their livelihoods as shown in Table 3-4 while GAP progress is provided in the Annexure I.

Table 3-4: Progress of Provision of Livestock

River basin	Total target of women (No.)	Total Nos. of women received ruminant up to Dec. 23 (Nos.)	No. of Livestock Unit	Progress (%age)
MRB	69	69	276	100
ZRB	69	69	690	100
Total	**138**	**138**	**966**	**100**

Figure 3-3: Pictorial Insight of Livestock Provision to the Deserving Women

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3.3.2 Provision of Training

43. Training to 656 women/girls were provided in 33 training sessions in different topics and skills shown in the following **Table 3-5**. All relevant documents, attendance sheets and photographs have already been documented and submitted to ADB.

Table 3-5: Provision of Training to the Women

Training Topics	No. of Training imparted	No. of Male participates	No. of female participated
High-value Agriculture farming	15	391	0
Operation and maintenance of solar panels, Drip irrigation & efficient use of water	8	200	0
Kitchen Gardening	4	0	96
Pre-post harvesting management agribusiness	6	100	50
Cultivation of improved/hybrid vegetable seed	2	60	0
Livestock management and production	8	0	190
Training on health & hygiene, safe drinking water, water born disease, mother and child care and malnutrition	15	0	320
Total	**58**	**751**	**656**

Figure 3-4: Pictorial insight of Training Sessions

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3.3.3 Provision of Social Structures

44. Of the total nine irrigation subprojects awarded, seven or 80% subprojects include women's improved access to water for domestic use. The physical work is in progress. The following facilities shown in **Table 3-6** are being provided at different locations up to June 2026. Most of the social structures included access to water, washing points and wazu points near by the settlements.

Table 3-6: Progress of Social Structures/Facilities (Nos.) up to June, 2026

Name of Subproject		Access to water / washing points		Cattle ghat / Animal Drinking Structure		Wazu point	
		Planned	Achieved	Planned	Achieved	Planned	Achieved
ZRB	Siri Toi Dam	10	-	7	-	2	-
	Ahmadzai	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Killi Sardar Akhter	1	1	1	1	2	2
MRB	Karkh Valley	4	4	19	-	2	2
	Kharzan-Hatachi	26	26	-	-	1	1
	Manyalo	7	-	0	-	0	-
	Pashta Khan	8	-	0	-	2	-
	Churri	10	-	5	-	5	-
Total		**67**	**32**	**33**	**2**	**15**	**6**

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4. INSTITUTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS

45. The PMO-Irrigation Department is the overall responsible for the implementation of all subprojects including LARP of Siri Toi Dam Sub-project Zhob.

46. The coordination involved of various institutions in the implementation of LARP include BID (Executing Agency), and other line departments, such as Revenue, Forest, Agriculture, On-Farm Water Management (OFWM) and Livestock. The managerial setup of the BWRDSP is approved as follows:

4.1 BALOCHISTAN IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT (BID)

47. A project management / project implementation unit (PMO/PIO) have been established in BID to oversee general project execution. Within the PIO, Social and Environment Safeguard Unit (SESU) have been created to manage all LAR related activities involved under the implementation of the subproject. In addition, BID and PMO is being supported through Project Design and Supervision Consultants for the project during LARP preparation, implementation and monitoring.

4.2 SOCIAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL SAFEGUARDS UNIT (SESU)

48. The SESU is overall responsible for LAR management during design and implementation of the project. Its responsibility is to oversee all LAR activities according to provisions outlined under this LARP. Main functions of the SESU include but not limited to: preparation, implementation and monitoring of LARP; Coordination with GRC and village level DPCs; regular field visits and consultations with DPs and disclosure of LAR related information; track and monitor progress on LARP implementation and preparation of biannual social internal monitoring reports. SESU have the safeguards related technical support from the project supervision consultants. The social safeguard management staff in SESU may include a Deputy Director Resettlement and a Deputy Director Social and Gender or as per actual staff requirement. Specific tasks that SESU will perform are outlined below:

- Maintain oversight and quality control over all aspects of LARP preparation and implementation;
- Accompany the LARP preparation consultants during their field visits and consultations with DPs. This is to ensure consistency of approach and message to DPs, to avoid variation in information obtained and given, and to address issues immediately as they arise on site;
- Ensure that the LARP preparation consultants must include all the DPs along with the details of their property held e.g., land, structures, trees, crops, shops, etc. Preparation of LARP shall be strictly by the LARF mutually prepared by PIO of BID and ADB;
- Coordinate land acquisition process and resettlement planning activities for the Project and facilitate information dissemination and consultation with DPs on all matters affecting DPs to ensure compliance with the requirements of the LARF, ADB's Social Safeguard Policies and Land Acquisition Act 1894. This will include

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coordination with District offices (Revenue Department, Forest Department, Agriculture Department, LARP preparation consultants and DPs as they relate to the Project;

- Ensure that land acquisition activity after publication of Section 4 is followed by updating land records and land price assessment reflective of current market rates. In coordination with the provincial governments, PIO participate in meetings of Land Price Assessment Committees and ensure that "replacement costs" are recommended for compensation;
- Ensure timely disclosure to all DPs of project design, alignment, land acquisition notifications issued by the LAC under the LAA in accessible places, language easily understood by DPs, and facilitate meaningful consultation with all DPs on the information disclosed by the LAC/Revenue Department;
- Publish details of the designated office from where all information regarding alignment, design, road maps, revenue maps of land, information on price assessment and unit rates about assets lost can be acquired, with name of the focal person to contact;
- Internally review the LARP, coordinate with ADB in review and approval of LARP, and ensure timely disclosure of approved LARP on BID Website and translation of Summary LARP in local language for disclosure to DPs;
- Review the LARP submitted by the consultants to ensure that these are in compliance to the LARF before submission to ADB;
- Coordinate with ADB on review and approval processes and respond to the comments/queries and provide clarifications in a responsive manner for early and timely approval of LARP; and
- Ensure the disclosure of approved LARP on BID website and translation of summary LARP in local language for its disclosure to DPs.

49. For smooth and timely implementation of LARP and monitor day to day LARP implementation progress and consolidate Social/LARP Monitoring reports. Some specific tasks that SESU will perform the following:

- Verify data on DPs. Prepare, issue and distribute identity cards for each non-titleholder DPs category;
- Translate summary approved LARP in local language with all necessary information for DPs and ensure its disclosure through formal and informal manner in close coordination of revenue, and other in line departments; and document this process to avoid and reply to future complaints in this respect;
- Ensure that all field visits and consultations with the DPs are properly documented, photographed and recorded on video; such record shall be placed in the Project office.
- Facilitate and support the LAC and Project Director throughout compensation disbursement process by extending its support in office and field during preparation of claims and issuance of compensation vouchers and cheques. This includes coordination with DPs, PIO and district land revenue authorities involved in disbursement of compensation;
- Mobilize and facilitate the DPs to process their compensation claims and receive compensation;

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- Support Project office /PD /PIO to establish multi-tiered grievance redress mechanism at village level, subproject level, project level and support the PIO and DPs in recording, processing/investigation and disposal of complaints;
- Develop database management system to be used for internal and external monitoring of the LARP implementation and evaluation of degree of achievement of the objective set forth in LARP;
- Provide assistance and access to database and coordinate with External/Independent monitor to facilitate him to monitor and evaluate the project;
- Publish details of the designated office from where all information regarding alignment, design, project maps, revenue maps of land to be acquired, price assessment and information regarding complaints status / redress can be obtained by the DPs, with name of the focal person to contact. Mobile phone numbers of all personnel of this unit must be mentioned for the convenience of DPs.

50. In addition to the implementation of LAR activities above, the SESU at PMO/PIO will monitor day-to-day progress on LAR implementation activities and ensure smooth and timely implementation of LARP and execution of sub-project works in a manner consistent with the LARP and LARF provisions. The PIO will share LARP implementation status through monthly project progress reports, while separate LARP and social monitoring reports (internal) will be prepared and shared with ADB biannually or following reporting frequency (depending on the scale and sensitivity/complexity of the project impacts) agreed in ADB cleared LARP for each sub-project. Besides, the SESU assisted by the safeguards staff mobilized by the PIC will report to ADB on any unforeseen impact and will prepare and implement corrective action plan or addendum to sub-project LARP under ADB's guidance to ensure project implementation is fully consistent with the ADB's safeguards requirements. Any corrective action plan or addendum to LARP prepared and cleared by ADB are being disclosed.

4.3 EXTERNAL MONITORING

51. The PMO has hired a qualified external monitor to review and assess the LARP implementation. The main objective of the EM process is to provide a third-party independent review of LARP implementation and provide necessary recommendations. The External Monitor prepares and shares biannual social monitoring reports with BID and the ADB for review and acceptance. All ADB cleared biannual social monitoring reports are being disclosed on ADB and BID's website.

4.4 PROJECT DESIGN AND SUPERVISION CONSULTANTS/ PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION CONSULTANT

52. The PMO-BWRDSP is being assisted by the Project Design and Supervision Consultants (PDSC) who are responsible for preparing/reviewing the detail design of the subprojects and will assist the Client during preparation, updating, implementation and monitoring of the LARP. The PDSC has hired the services of the qualified and experienced staff to enhance capacity of the SESU staff in delivery of the LAR tasks and will provide on job assistance and coaching to the EA staff for their better understanding on the safeguard's requirements and management. The PDSC safeguards staff as resettlement specialist,

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gender specialist and junior sociologists are on board on full time basis close coordination with the SESU staff to assist them in delivering the LAR management tasks.

4.5 LOCAL/ DISTRICT GOVERNMENT

53. The Zhob district officer revenue/deputy commissioner is the land acquisition collector at district level while his assistants/deputies are the LAC for the Tehsils are appointed to oversee land acquisition affairs, including publication of notifications under LAA provisions, identification and assessment of land, determination and delivery of compensation of land acquired. To deliver its functions, the LAC has also other supporting officials, most notably the patwaries, (the land records keeper) who retains the land record and carry out specific roles in land acquisition process that include measurement of land and preparation of land maps and record identification, verification and updating of land titles, and issuance of land title documents to be used at the time of processing of compensation claims etc. So, keeping in view the role of local land administration authorities, they will be engaged and coordinated throughout project implementation to ensure the project ROW lands are made available adequately and timely.

54. Besides, land administration authority discussed above, other line department of local/district government that will play a vital role in LAR planning include, Buildings and Roads department, Agriculture Department and Forest Department. The assessment of affected asset different from land, i.e., structures, crops, and trees fall under preview of these departments, so during LARP planning, these local government departments will be closely coordinated to get the updated assessment rates to ensure the compensation of acquired assets is fully reflective to replacement cost.

4.6 THE ADB

55. The ADB review LARP activities and confirm their responsiveness to ADB's safeguards requirements. In cases where these do not meet ADB's requirements, ADB can advise for additional assessment and improvement of the LARP to comply ADB's safeguards requirements. ADB also conduct periodic social safeguards reviews, to verify that LAR planning and implementation is being carried out as agreed in the LARF.

4.7 COORDINATION INITIATIVES

56. The land acquisition for public interest projects is responsibility of the provincial government through the Provincial Board of Revenue and its subordinate land administration offices at district level, i.e. the District Land Revenue offices assisted by the other line departments of local Government. With the effective coordination of departments/ agencies involved in land acquisition under LAA provisions, the assessment of LAR impacts and compensation can be completed smoothly and eligible and entitled DPs can be paid timely. By making timely payment to the DPs, a smooth and timely project implementation could be ensured. The guidance and support by provincial government including BOR and its subordinate offices at district level, provincial communication and works department, agriculture and cooperative department will be critical to implement the project and may require coordination at management and working level. For improved coordination among the government departments involved in land acquisition process,

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the government will constitute LAR coordination committee at district/ tehsil level. A LAR coordination committee at the district level will be constituted for the project.

4.8 LAR COORDINATION COMMITTEE

57. At PMO level, a Land Acquisition and Resettlement Coordination Committee have been constituted consisting of Director/Deputy Director Social SESU, Additional Deputy Commissioner/LAC for respective district, representative (not below the level of deputy district officer) of Irrigation, Agriculture, Forest and C&W departments with resettlement specialist (mobilized through PIC) as secretary to the LARCC. The LARC will support and guide the PIU team in i) assessment of LAR impacts, census and socio-economic surveys, ii) review the on- going market rates of land and assist PIU/LAC in determining the replacement cost for land and land-based assets. The LAR Coordination Committee will meet regularly to review the progress on assessment of impacts, valuation of assets on replacement cost basis and acquisition of land and resolution of grievances on impact assessment and determination of compensation during LARP planning and preparation stages. Such review meetings will be conducted on monthly basis, however, if required the LARCC can call additional issue specific meetings to ensure proper and timely implementation of the subprojects.

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5. GRIEVANCE REDRESS MECHANISM (GRM)

5.1 NOTIFICATION OF GRIEVANCE REDRESS MECHANISM (GRM)

58. The Balochistan Water Resources Development Sector Project (BWRDSP) aims to support the Government in water sector planning, management and investment on water sector infrastructure in selected river basins. It will assist the government for investment to improve water storage and supply infrastructure at the Zhob and Mula River basins to improve agricultural farm productivity.

59. Under Notification from the office of Project Director, letter No. PD/BWRDSP/2020/1015-1027, dated 30th of December 2020 Quetta, Balochistan. The objectives, principals and formation of GRC and its members were well defined for effective functional.

60. The Grievance Redress Mechanism (GRM), outlines the policy and procedure for documenting, addressing, responding and employing methods to resolve project grievances (and complaints) that may be raised by the displaced persons (DPs) if any, then Grievance Redress Committee (GRC) at village level are also formed of each subproject to address their issues. The document describes the scope and procedural steps and specifies roles and responsibilities of the parties involved. The purpose of the GRM is to receive, review and resolve grievances of DPs and ensure smooth and fair implementation of subprojects activities.

5.2 STRUCTURE & PROCEDURE OF GRIEVANCE REDRESS MECHANISM

61. The project shall have multi-tier GRM with designated staff responsibilities at each level. The brief of these levels is described as below:

5.2.1 Grievances Redressal Committee (GRC) at Village Level

62. For effective coordination in the field with the locals or community, GRC have been established at the killi level to maintain a close rapport with the affected persons and local community throughout project implementation. The GRC of 1st tier will comprise of the following members;

- Social/Community Organizer (male/female) of BWRDSP Consultants.
- A female member from the community / Killi as Member.
- Two male members from the community / Killi as Member.
- Environment Specialist of BWRDSP Consultants as Member.

5.2.2 District/ Project Management Office (PMO) Level

63. Baluchistan Irrigation Department (BID) have constituted a Grievance Redress Committee (GRC) headed by Deputy Project Director (DPD) at District/PMO/PIO level for each river basin i.e., Zhob & Mula to resolve all grievances and complaints of the locals and the complainants. The GRC of 2nd tier shall comprise the following members:

- Deputy Project Director, PMO / PIO Head/Convener.

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- Additional Deputy Commissioner (Revenue) as Member.
- Resettlement Specialist of BWRDSP Consultants as Member.
- Environment Specialist of BWRDSP Consultants as Member.
- Any notable personality from the community as Member.

5.2.3 BID/ Project Level

64. In compliance with the Grievance Redressal Mechanism of Balochistan Water Resources Development Sector Project, the 3rd tier or Project Level-Grievance Redressal Committee (GRC) is constituted with the following composition:

- Project Director / Chief Engineer Head / Convener;
- Representative of the Revenue Department as Member;
- Representative of the Law Department as Member;
- Representative of the Environment Department as Member; and
- Social Development & Gender Specialist, BWRDSP Consultant as Member.

5.3 FORMATION OF GRIEVANCE REDRESS COMMITTEE (GRC)

65. With reference to the PMO letter No. PD/BWRDSP/2020/1028-1040 Quetta, the 30th December, 2020 regarding constitution of Grievances Redressal Committee at 3rd tier. The consultants and PIO staff have conducted meetings with DPs and formed GRCs. GRCs have been formed of all subprojects except Churi subproject. The Churi Infiltration Gallery has been dropped from the project without construction due to serious and persistent law and order situation. Therefore, no GRC for Churi is required. All GRCs are reported in the previous SSMRs for record.

5.4 COMPLAINTS RECEIVED

66. During the reporting period, a complaint was received from an influential of Churri irrigation subproject, NCB-09 MRB, 2nd complaint is the repetition of the complainant Mr. Abuzar Ahmad khel of Zhob who is not DP of the project and 3rd complaint was received from Youth Action Committee Killi Hazrat Saheb. The present status of these complaints is provided below:

Sr.no.	Complaint	Source of complaint	Resolution Status
1	Churri Irrigation Scheme by Sardar Inayatullah Zerhri, Khuzdar	ADB/CRP	Resolved
2	A complainant Mr. Abuzar khan Ahmad Khel, Zhob	ADB	Responded by the ADB. Waiting for complainant views.
3	Complaint by Youth Action Committee, Killi Hazrat Saheb.	ADB	Responded by the PMO.

The ADB has responded him. The detail is provided in the

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Table 5-1 below.

Table 5-1: Complaints Received and Their Responses

No.	Complaint detail	Resolution Status
1	**Churri Irrigation subproject NCB-9. MRB**. A local influential (Sardar Inayat Ullah Zehri, Chief of the tribe) of the area has registered his complaint in May 2025 describing the following concern: We are the beneficiaries and legal stake holders of Churri Karez, which starts from killi Kehan to Pir-Shar, Talawan upto Yakbozi, do hereby lodge complaint against this Project funded by Asian Development Bank on account of involvement in local politics and illegally extension of Churri Karez to deliberately create dispute which will eventually led to bloodshed. That, extension of a separate channel to irrigate a large area outside the existing/traditional command area will certainly cause scarcity of water to actual command area, thereby intentionally depriving the original farmer families from their legitimate/rightful share of water. By disturbing our old karez system.	The head of Zehri tribe complained about the land ownership and consultations related to the subproject Churri Infiltration Gallery, an IR category C project. The complaint was filed with ADB's Compliance Review Panel (CRP). However, the CRP declared the complaint as "ineligible" for compliance review after discussions with complainants, and project officials. Due to persistent security incidents in the area, the Churri scheme has been dropped from the overall project without causing any harm or damage to the existing Karez system and the Churri site. However, the slowness of physical progress is not attributable to any social issues including any complaint.
2 (I)	The ADB received a complaint from a local person, Mr. Abuzar Khan Ahmad Khel of Siri Toi dam subproject, ZRB on 18-01-2026 with the following complaint. **Procedural Delay and Violation of Principles of Natural Justice** In response to my complaint, your office issued a reply after approximately six (6) months, whereas I was given only eight (8) days to submit my response. This disproportionate timeline is contrary to the principles of justice, equality, and natural justice, and places undue and unfair pressure on affected persons.	The ADB,s provided resolution on 23-01-2026 to the complainant are provided below. This does not seem to reflect a true picture. Chronology below will make the communication record straight: • Your complaint dated **9 April 2025** was acknowledged by ADB HQ on **10 April 2025**. • ADB's Office of the Special Project Facilitator (OSPF) advised you on **19 May 2025** to contact the PTL of the project i.e. me. • You contacted me on **14 June 2025** • I responded and sought some information on **16 June 2025.** • You responded back on **23 June 2025**. • I requested for additional information on **11 July 2025**.

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No.	Complaint detail	Resolution Status
		• You responded back on **28 July 2025** but without sharing the information I requested. • I sent a reminder on **12 December 2025** again requesting for submission of the requested documents (substantiating the land ownership claim) by 20 December 2025. • You responded after one month on **18 January 2026**, but again without providing the requested information but blamed ADB for delay in response. From the above, it is clear that ADB responses have been timely although you never shared the requested documents in support of your claims.
II	**Incorrect Basis for Land Measurement** Compensation has been calculated on a per-acre basis, whereas in our region land is officially recorded, transacted, and recognized in jeribs, as clearly reflected in the revenue records. This fundamental discrepancy cannot be ignored in any lawful or equitable assessment.	Land measurements are done by the Revenue Department not by the Project Office. Unit of measurement is "acre" according to the 1968 Land Rules as referred by you. More importantly, change in the land measurement unit does not affect overall compensation amount as determined under the land award issued in November 2023.
III	**Legal and Cultural Sensitivity of Land under the 1968 Land Rules** Under the 1968 Land Rules, land in this region is legally sensitive and traditionally protected. Ancestral and tribal land, in particular, is neither easily sold nor surrendered, not even an inch. Any valuation or assessment must duly take into account this legal and cultural reality.	According to 1968 Rules for Balochistan, land generally align with the West Pakistan Land Revenue Rules, 1968, do not come into force in case of land acquisition for public infrastructure projects. Rather these rules focus on revenue assessment, boundary demarcation, mutation, and collection of revenue fee, guided by the Land Revenue Act, 1967, detailing headman appointments, land survey methods (like square system), land revenue collection procedures, and rights related to land transfer and recording, all under the Board of Revenue's authority. Key aspects cover revenue officer roles, land measurement, maintenance of records (mutation registers), and revenue collection by local officials like Tapedars.
IV	**Application of Outdated Economic Assumptions** Your email indicates that compensation has been calculated on the basis of 2017 rates, when the exchange rate of the US dollar was approximately PKR 80. At present, the dollar rate is approximately PKR 280. Ignoring this	You have misread my emails. In my last email dated 12 Dec 2025, I categorically clarified that "compensation rates initially set at around PKR70,000/acre in 2017, **were revised to PKR300,000 in 2022 (429% higher than original rates)**." So, as matter of fact, land compensation rates are NOT based on 2017 rates but the

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No.	Complaint detail	Resolution Status
	substantial economic change amounts to an unrealistic and manifestly unjust assessment.	rates enhanced in 2022 by the District Price Assessment Committee (DPAC) to PKR PKR300,000.00 from PKR 70,000/acre in 2017. The land award was issued only after 11 months i.e. in November 2023. Furthermore, change in exchange rate for Pak-rupees to US dollar is not a factor to be considered in determining land compensation under the Land Acquisition Act. 1894 or any other law or regulation governing land acquisition and compensation. If you know any such law share with the team.
V	**Delay in Payment Not Attributable to Affected Persons** Surveys, reporting, and valuation were completed in 2017, whereas compensation is being paid in 2025. This prolonged delay is not attributable to the affected persons. On this basis, I have a full legal, moral, and equitable right to raise this issue, formally notify your office, and expect that it will be conveyed to the relevant authorities.	See my response to your comment # 4 above. Out of 450 DPs, 449 DPs have received their land compensation without any reservation or protest. The payment to last DP is pending due to ongoing mutation process.
VI	**Right to Engage with Project Financiers** I wish to clarify that I have the full right to directly engage with the Japanese stakeholders, as this project is being implemented with their financial assistance. Issues relating to fair compensation, safeguards, equity, and compliance fall within their mandate and responsibility.	We fully acknowledge your right to engage with project financiers, and that's why we are communicating with you and trying to help. However, so far, we have not received any documentary evidence from your side in support of anything you have raised in your complaint.
VII	**Nature of Land Contribution** It is important to place on record that our community provided ancestral and tribal land for this project: without any commercial interest, solely for regional development, and in the broader public interest. Land was provided not only for the main dam structure but also for weirs, channels, and other ancillary infrastructure. In this context, fixing the land value at only PKR 70,000 is neither reflective of ground realities nor consistent with the principles of justice. Accordingly, I place on record that: applying 2017 rates to payments being made in 2025 constitutes injustice the burden of administrative delay cannot be shifted onto affected communities; and I reserve the right to raise this matter before all relevant national and international forums, including the project's financiers.	On ADB projects where community voluntarily donates land for use in public sector projects, a voluntary land donation agreement is signed between the concerned landowners and the relevant government agency. Please provide the VLD agreement in support of your claim that the "community provided ancestral and tribal land for this project: without any commercial interest, solely for regional development, and in the broader public interest." Regarding the rates, refer to my response on point # 4 above.
VIII	**Tribal Contribution and Customary Rights**	As stated above, without any VLD agreement your claim cannot be reviewed.

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No.	Complaint detail	Resolution Status
	Local tribes, including our community, provided approximately 1,000 acres of land for the Siri Toi Dam, without any commercial interest, in support of this project financed with assistance from the Asian Development Bank (ADB). Although this land is described as "unsettled," local tribes have exercised customary, collective, and hereditary usage rights over it for generations. These rights cannot be disregarded in any legal, social, or safeguard assessment.	The unsettled land was handed over to the project by the Revenue Department in accordance with Pakistan's Land Acquisition of 1894.
IX	**Misinterpretation of Silence as Consent** You have stated that 99% of affected persons raised no objections. It is necessary to clarify that: the area suffers from severe poverty; people lack financial resources, legal awareness, and institutional access; therefore, silence cannot be construed as informed consent or satisfaction.	Prior to acquiring the land, the Revenue Department issued notifications under Section 5, 5a, 9 and 10 and the land award under section11 but you did not raise any objection on the land acquisition proceedings including the land prices. For poor and vulnerable DPs, the vulnerability allowance was also provided to the DPs. Please note that complaints require supporting documents and evidence, which you have never provided despite repeated requests.
X	**Unequal Distribution of Project Benefits** Although the dam is being constructed on Ahmed khel tribal land, the primary beneficiaries are the Karzai, Arbzai, Shawozai, Jalalkhel, and other downstream areas. Despite this imbalance, we did not oppose the project and extended full cooperation.	The command area of any dam naturally falls down stream of the dam. The command area is established based on storage capacity of reservoir, topographic surveys, and the level of land to be irrigated. Your cooperation to the project is well appreciated and acknowledged.
XI	**Clarification Regarding LARP and Official Records** You stated that neither my name nor my family's name appears in the LARP and that not even an inch of our land is included. Contrary to this assertion, official records of the District Administration and Tehsil Office show an amount of approximately PKR 163,000 recorded in the name of my grandfather, Haji Abdul Wahid, son of Haji Baran, which is verifiable official record. Furthermore, the same records indicate that weirs, channels, and other structures are located on our land.	Please note that the name of your grandfather "**Haji Abdul Wahid son of Haji Baran**" is not included in the land acquisition and resettlement plan (LARP) which means that your grandfather was not Displaced Person (DP) and his land was not acquired by the project, according to the available record. Please also note that even if your grandfather was a DP, he or his siblings could have raised the objection on land rate during notification of section 5a, 9 and 11 to the revenue department Zhob, but there was no such concern raised by the relevant persons, during that process.
XII	**Ownership of the 1,000 Acres of Land**	This is another repletion of your claim for voluntary donation. Please refer to my response to items 7 and 8 above.

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No.	Complaint detail	Resolution Status
	The approximately 1,000 acres of land provided for the dam were entirely owned by the Ahmed khel tribe and were made available through tribal consent, not as government land nor land belonging to any other tribe or party. This consent was granted by the respected elders of the Ahmed khel tribe, with whose approval the construction of the dam is ongoing on Ahmed khel tribal land.	
XIII	**Meaning of "Unsettled" Land** Both jerib land and so-called "unsettled" land fall under customary, collective, and hereditary ownership. Such land is: not government land, not land of another tribe, and not ownerless.	Please note that the Revenue Department is the custodian of the land records and land management. Accordingly, the DC Zhob had handed over the unsettled land to the Project without any demand for compensation. If you claim that unsettled land used by the Project belongs to you or your tribe, we advise you to contact DC Zhob office and make the same demand to them. If DC Office agrees to your claim that the unsettled land being used by the Project belongs to you or your tribe, confirms in writing, and asks Project for payment of compensation, we shall advise the Project Office to make a case for Government of Balochistan to arrange the compensation.
XIV	**Concerns Regarding Conduct of Certain Staff Members** We are not satisfied with the overall performance and conduct of certain staff members, with the exception of the Deputy Project Director, Mr. Asif Mastoi. The conduct of some individuals toward local tribes has created complications rather than resolving issues. Accordingly, we do not wish to engage directly with such individuals and prefer those matters be addressed either through the Japanese side or through your esteemed office.	We remain accessible for any meaningful discussion and problem-solving. However, to enable us help you, it is critically important that you provide us the documentary evidence of what you have been stating in your complaints.

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No.	Complaint detail	Resolution Status
XV	**Request for Transparency and Review** This email raises only one fundamental issue. In addition, there are 15–20 other serious matters that will be submitted separately. I respectfully request that: this matter be maintained on the relevant portal as a public record; and all relevant revenue and administrative records be reviewed afresh.	We are open to hear anything and take corrective action if it is established that something wrong has been done under the Project violating ADB's SPS 2009 or any other applicable policies. But for ADB to take practical step, the pre-condition is that credible evidence is provided in support of the concern or claim. ADB has a comprehensive system of complaint handling and this complaint follows the same.
XVI.	The Youth Action Committee of killi Hazrat Saheb sent a complaint to ADB describing that The situation worsened when, on April 03, 2026, floodwaters from the dam breach completely washed away the box culvert, severing the only connection between the affected villages and Zhob city indicating poor construction of the Siri Toi Dam subproject.	The PMO submitted response in details on June 4,2026 with the fact and figure. **The Professional Response:** To prevent an impending, uncontrolled overtopping that would have catastrophically destroyed the cofferdam, the downstream core trench, the saddle dyke, and risked human lives, site engineers executed a **deliberate, controlled flood cut** on the left abutment side of the cofferdam. **The Outcome:** This highly successful emergency intervention safely routed excess floodwaters downstream. It limited structural erosion to a minor 20 meters section of the 138 meter temporary cofferdam, directly safeguarding the permanent main dam infrastructure and on-site personnel. The ADB appreciated the comprehensive response of PMO through email dated June 4, 2026.

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ANNEXURE

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ANNEXURE I: UPDATED GAP PROGRESS- UPTO JUNE 2026

GAP Activities,	Indicators and Targets	Timeframe and Responsibility	Current Progress (What to Report during the current quarter)	Means of Verification/Data Reports	Status
Output 1: Irrigation Infrastructure constructed and improved					
1.1 Ensure women's participation in consultations for need assessment during sub-projects (dams, weirs, watercourses, canals) design and construction.	1.1.1 50% of all consultations include at least 30% women participation. 1.1.2 At least 3 women-only consultations conducted (1 consultation for each core subproject). (2016 baseline: Not applicable).	Q3 2019 - Q1 2021 Q3 2019- Q3 2021	Nothing to Report (NTR)	SDDRs available on the ADB website	1.1.1 **Achieved:** A total of 46 community consultations were conducted. Of which, 50% consultations included 59% women[1]. 1.1.2 **Achieved:** The women were consulted in 23 meetings of 23 villages including 1 women-only consultation for each core project.
1.2 Conduct needs assessment to determine the communities' choices of domestic water supply locations, washing facilities, water collection points, and other like facilities.	1.2.1 Women's groups consulted in the needs assessments during subprojects' design and construction. 1.2.2 Needs assessment report reflects inputs from women's groups. 1.2.3 Communities' and women's groups' inputs are considered in the subprojects' designs and contracts.	Q3 2019 – Q3 2021	NTR	Constructed facilities pictures are available.	1.2.1 Achieved: A total of 839 Women were consulted during need assessment and subprojects design 1.2.2 Achieved: Needs assessment reports reflected women's input/demands. 1.2.3 Achieved: Communities' and Women's demand of social facilities were included in the design. These facilities are being installed in their area As per women's demand, a total of 48 washing pad structures/water collection points, and 28 cattle ghats are to be built for increasing women access to washing and water collection, and livestock water feeding points. Of which, 14 washing points and two cattle ghats have been constructed so far.

[1] Of total 1,300 community members consulted in 46 meetings, 23 consultation meetings were conducted with 769 women (59%), and another 23 consultations were with 531 men or 41%.

GAP Activities,	Indicators and Targets	Timeframe and Responsibility	Current Progress (What to Report during the current quarter)	Means of Verification/Data Reports	Status
					Details are in Table 3-6 of SSMR Jan-Jun.2026.
1.3 Install facilities in irrigation schemes to enable women's safe and improved access to water for domestic use.	1.3.1 At least 30% of irrigation schemes targeted for construction/ rehabilitation have installed facilities for women's safe and improved access to water for domestic use.	Q4 2019 to Q4 2023 PMO and PIO with the assistance of Social & Gender Specialists and the field offices in MRB and ZRB.	Physical work on social structures is ongoing.	Meeting Pictures and report.	1.3.1 **Will be achieved:** Of the total nine irrigation subprojects awarded, seven or 80% subprojects include women's improved access to water for domestic use, as shown in Table 3-6 of SSMR Jan-Jun.2026. The physical work is in progress.
1.4 Document the impact of increased access to water for domestic use on women's time poverty.	1.4.1 Impact study report includes quantitative and qualitative results of improved access to water for domestic use on women's time poverty.	Q2 2022 – Q4 2024	NTR		1.4.1 **Not Yet due:** The construction of irrigation network is expected to complete by December 2026. The impact study will be conducted during in Q2 of calendar year 2027.
1.5 Ensure that all eligible and entitled women are aware of and get their rightful compensation as vulnerable affected people.	1.5.1 All affected women given orientation on compensations and the process of claiming compensation. 1.5.2 All entitled affected women provided with support to facilitate their opening of bank accounts to receive compensation.	Q3 2019- Q4 2024	NTR	Revenue Data	1.5.1 **Not applicable:** There is no affected women in the Project area whose land, structures, trees, or crops are impacted by the Project. 1.5.2 **Not applicable:** There is no affected women to be compensated based on the above.
1.6 Ensure women's Participation in Grievance Redressal Committees (GRCs).	1.6.1 At least 25% of all GRCs are women-only GRCs. 1.6.2 For areas with no women-only GRCs, separate GRC meetings are held for women.	Q3 2019- Q4 2024 Consultants.	Brief Previous QPRs GAP Status: In all rehabilitation schemes, women's participation was ensured and documented in QPR and semi-annual reports. Women's participation in all GRCs was 33%.	In 2021-2022, during formation of GRCs, efforts were made to form women-only GRCs. The gender social team tried to convince the women and male social mobilizers tried to convince the males.	1.6.1 **Achieved with different strategy:** The local culture was not conducive to form women-only GRCs or arrange separate GRC meetings for women. However, a total of seven GRCs were formed (four in MRB and 3 in ZRB. Out the total 21 local members elected in 7 GRCs, seven (or 33.3%) are female. Each GRC comprises of 7 members including one female which makes females' representation in GRCs to be 33.3%. 1.6.2: **Achieved with different strategy:** The local culture was not

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GAP Activities,	Indicators and Targets	Timeframe and Responsibility	Current Progress (What to Report during the current quarter)	Means of Verification/Data Reports	Status
			Women representation in each GRC is 33%.		conducive to form women-only GRCs, or arrange separate GRC meetings for women. However, the women representation in GRCs remained 33.3% throughout.
Output 2: Command area and watershed protection established and/or rehabilitated					
2.1 Conduct awareness-raising sessions in ZRB and MRB communities on safe drinking water, waterborne diseases and control, and health and hygiene practices.	2.1.1 Two (2) awareness sessions in each subproject area (with 2 females-only sessions) conducted on health, hygiene, safe water usage, waterborne diseases, and control (2016 baseline:0) 2.1.2 At least 80 women and girls participated in the awareness-raising sessions on health, hygiene, and safe water usage, among others.	Q3 2019 - Q4 2024 The tasks of 2.1, 2.1.1, and 2.1.2 has been carried out by the NGO.	Following date of training sessions were to be arranged. MRB= 9 Jan.2024. ZRB= 23,24,25, 26 of Jan.2024.	Field Visit Reports & Pictures 75 in MRB 163 in ZRB Total= 238	2.1.1 All 11 sessions were females only. In some training sessions, 02 training sessions per day were managed. 2.1.2 **Overachieved**: Against the target of 80 women and girls, training to 238 women/girls were provided in 10 training sessions. All relevant documents, attendance sheets and photographs have lready been documented and submitted to ADB.
2.2 Conduct awareness-raising sessions on the nutritional value of food for women and girls including awareness of mother and child healthcare.	2.2.1 Two awareness sessions in each subproject area were conducted on the nutritional value of food for women and girls including awareness of mother and child health care (2016 baseline:0) 2.2.2 At least 80 women and girls participated in awareness-raising sessions on food and nutrition, and mother and child healthcare.	Q3 2019 – Q2 2024 arranged through NGO of Taraqee Foundation.	Brief Previous QPRs GAP Status: The activities have been imparted in this quarter and implementation will start from next quarter. Progress: Following date of training session on food and nutrition, of mother and child was arranged. MRB= 10 Jan 2024, 01 training session was conducted.	Session report Attendance & Pictures 25 in MRB 57 in ZRB Total 82	2.2.1 04 training sessions were arranged, 107 women participated. 2.2.2 **Overachieved**: Against the target of 80 women and girls, training to 82 women/girls were provided in 04 training sessions. All relevant documents, attendance sheets and photographs have lready been documented and submitted to ADB.

GAP Activities,	Indicators and Targets	Timeframe and Responsibility	Current Progress (What to Report during the current quarter)	Means of Verification/Data Reports	Status
			ZRB= 03 sessions on 23,24 and 26 Jan.2024 were arranged.		
2.3 Conduct training on kitchen gardening that includes growing fruits and vegetables for domestic use, food processing, and handling of Agrochemicals.	2.3.1 At least 2 training conducted for women and girls for both subproject areas 2.3.2 At least 100 women and girls trained in kitchen gardening (2016 baseline:0).	Q3 2019 – Q4 2024 The tasks of 2.3.1, 2.3.2, 2.4.1,2.4.2, 2,5,1, and 2.5.2 will be carried out by the NGO.	NTR	TNA report and identified participants list. Training Reports/Pictures.	2.3.1 **Achieved:** Four training sessions were conducted with women and girls. 2.3.2 **Achieved:** 96 women got training in Kitchen gardening. All relevant documents, attendance sheets and photographs have lready been documented and submitted to ADB.
2.4 Conduct training for women on value addition in fruits and vegetables and livestock care.	2.4.1 At least 2 consultations were held in the subproject areas for selecting women for training. 2.4.2 At least 250 women trained for income-generating high-value agribusinesses (2017 baseline: 0).	Q3 2019 to Q4 2024 NGO/PIO/Consultants	NTR	Reports & Pictures	2.4.1 **Achieved:** Four training sessions were conducted with women to select 250 women for income-generating high-value agribusinesses. 2.4.2 **Achieved:** Overall, 263 women were selected and trained, 189 women for livestock rearing, 26 women for processing plants of fruit and vegetable etc and 48 women in agri. And vegetable business shown in Table 3-5 of SSMR Jan-Jun.2026. All relevant documents, attendance sheets and photographs have lready been documented and submitted to ADB.
2.5 Support the establishment of pilot demonstration sites for women-led small-scale agri-businesses for fruits and vegetables.	2.5.1 At least 22 women-led small-scale income-generating agribusinesses launched (2017 baseline: 0	Q3 2019 to Q4 2024 NGO/PIO/Consultants.	NTR	Field visit reports for each activity, distribution reports, and cash receipts of each beneficiary are available in soft	2.5.1 **Overachieved:** A total of 26 women-led small-scale income generating agribusinesses were launched by providing (i) 06 solar dryers for fruits and vegetables, and (ii) 20 small-scale fruit processing units at household level.

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GAP Activities,	Indicators and Targets	Timeframe and Responsibility	Current Progress (What to Report during the current quarter)	Means of Verification/Data Reports	Status
2.6 To establish plastic tunnels for fruit and vegetable drying for women. 2.7 Piloting Demonstration of agri-processing facilities men managed.	2.6.1 At least 6 women led-small scale for income generating and livelihood enhancement 3 in each subproject. 2.7.1 Two processing plants for fruits and vegetables were established in each subproject area.			and hard documents.	2.6.1 **Overachieved:** A total of 138 women were provided (69 women in each of the river basins) with 04 goats or 10 sheep each to generate income for their livelihoods as shown in Table 3-4 of SSMR Jan-Jun.2026. 2.7.1 **Achieved:** Two processing plants (one for oil extraction, and one for processing fruits and vegetables) were established in both river basins. The plants were provided to the applicants meeting the selection criteria.
Output 3: Institutional capacity strengthened					
3.1 Conduct gender training workshops for staff and consultants of EA and IA, and for contractors, that include an orientation on the Gender Action Plan.	3.1.1 At least two (2) gender training workshops conducted for relevant staff and consultants of EA, IA, and contractors 3.1.2 At least 80% of project staff participated in the gender training workshop.	Q3 2019 - Q4 2024 3.1.1 and 3.1.2 by an NGO.	NTR		3.1.1 **Activity is delayed:** Will be undertaken in Q1 2025. 3.1.2 Same as above.
3.2 Recruit social and gender staff for the implementation and monitoring of the gender action plan.	3.2.1 One (1) social and gender specialist as a core team member at PMO and PIO hired 3.2.2 One (1) social and gender specialist in project management consultants hired 3.2.3 Four (4) female social organizers (2 each at the field office) were hired and provided with transportation facilities.	PMO Q3 2019 -Q4 2024	The PMO Gender position became vacant because of resignation of the specialist.	_	3.2.1. **Partly achieved:** A gender specialist remained with the Project for two years who resigned four months back. PIO did not appoint Gender Specialist. PMO will hire two gender specialists as core team members – one for PMO, and one for PIO by Q1 2025. Still in process. 3.2.2. **Achieved:** Specialist is on board. 3.2.3 **Achieved:** Four female Social Organizers are hired who have transportation facilities.

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GAP Activities,	Indicators and Targets	Timeframe and Responsibility	Current Progress (What to Report during the current quarter)	Means of Verification/Data Reports	Status
3.3 Ensure reporting of gender equality Results.	3.3.1 All project periodic reports (quarterly and annual progress reports), as well as the project completion report include progress on GAP implementation, as well as gender equality results.	Q4 2019 - Q4 2024	QPR of previous quarter reported progress on GAP.		3.3.1 **Ongoing:** Quarterly progress reports include reporting on GAP implementation. Completion report will also include comprehensive gender section with reporting on GAP implementation.
3.4 Document gender impacts and results of the project.	3.4.1 One (1) gender impact study conducted by project end.	Q4 -2024 Will be prepared.	NTR		3.4.1 **Not yet due:** An impact study will be conducted by the 3rd party once all construction and command area development activities are completed.

ANNEXURE II : Sample Form to Document Unpaid DP

سری توئی ڈیم پراجیکٹ ژوب

وارثین کا بیان جبکہ وراثت ابھی منتقل نہیں ہوئی

متاثرہ شخص اور حاصل کی گئی زمین کی تفصیل: تاریخ جس دن سرٹیفکیٹ تیار کیا گیا۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔

متاثرہ شخص کا نام۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔ولدیت۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔رقبہ کی مقدار۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔کھیوٹ نمبر۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔

خسرہ نمبر۔۔۔۔۔۔۔موضع۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔تحصیل وضلع۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔

وارثین کا بیان:

ہم جنکی تفصیل نیچے دی گئی ہے کے قانونی وارثین ہیں اس رقبہ کے جو حاصل کی گئی ہے ہم اقرار کرتے ہیں کہ:۔

☆ کہ مندرجہ بالا زمین کا انتقال ابھی نہیں ہوا۔

☆ ہم سمجھتے ہیں کہ زمین کا معاوضہ ہر وراثی انتقال کے مطابق ہوگا جس میں ہر ایک کا حصہ درج ہوگا اور اس سلسلہ میں ہم متعلقہ لینڈ ریکارڈ اتھارٹی سے رابطہ کر رہے ہیں۔

☆ پراجیکٹ نے تصدیق کی ہے کہ معاوضہ کی رقم لینڈ اکوزیشن کلکٹر کے اکاونٹ میں موجود ہے اور وراثتی انتقال کے مکمل ہونے پر حاصل کیا جا سکتا ہے۔

☆ ہمیں اپنی زمین پر منصوبے کے شروع ہونے پر کوئی اعتراض نہ ہے۔ جبکہ ہمارا وراثتی انتقال ابھی ہو رہا ہے۔

☆ یہ بیان بغیر کسی جبر کسی جبر اور مجبوری کے دیا جا رہا ہے۔ جسکے گواہ موضع کے نمبردار /ملک ہیں۔

دعویدار:

(1) دستخط.....(2) دستخط۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔(3) دستخط۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔(4) دستخط۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔

نام۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔ نام۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔ نام۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔ نام۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔

موضع۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔موضع۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔موضع۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔موضع۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔

(5) دستخط.....(6) دستخط۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔(7) دستخط۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔(8) دستخط۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔

نام۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔ نام۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔ نام۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔ نام۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔

موضع۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔موضع۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔موضع۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔موضع۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔

گواہ شدگان:۔

میں نمبردار ملک موضع۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔ ذاتی طور پر متاثرہ شخص۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔کو جانتے ہیں اور مندرجہ بالا قانونی وارثین کو بھی جانتے ہیں اور انکی تحریر کی تصدیق کرتے ہیں۔

دستخط۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔ دستخط۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔

نام نمبردار /ملک ایڈریس۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔ نام بمعہ ایڈریس۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔

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سری توئی ڈیم پراجیکٹ ژوب

رقم معمولی(Meager Amount Case)

مورخہ--------------

کلی / گاؤں کا نام------------------------تحصیل------------------------------ضلع------------------------------

نمبر شمار	متاثرہ شخص کا نام	پروجیکٹ کے اثرات کی قسم	گاؤں میں کس شخص سے رابطہ ہوا اس کا نام اور موبائل نمبر	متاثرہ شخص سے رشتہ	متاثرہ شخص کا موجودہ پتہ اور اس کا موبائل نمبر

گواہ گواہ تصدیق کنندہ

معلومات حاصل کنندہ کا نام-------------------ملک/نمبردار--------------------------تصدیق کنندہ کا نام------------------------

دستخط------------------------------دستخط------------------------------دستخط------------------------------

ایڈریس------------------------------ایڈریس----------------------------ایڈریس--------------------------

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